

## PROGRAMME SPECIFICATION

FOR TAUGHT PROGRAMMES AT ALL LEVELS

| Name of Programme:   |   | BSc (Econ)(Hons) Economics   |                              |
|--|---|--|------------------------------|
| Final award (BSc, MA etc):   |   | BSc (Hons)   |                              |
| Awarding   | University of   | Teaching institution:  | University of Buckingham     |
| institution/body:  | Buckingham  |  |                              |
| School of Study:   | Humanities  | <b>Parent Department:</b> (the department responsible for the administration of the programme)                     | Economics                    |
| Length of the<br>programme:<br>(please note any periods<br>spent away from<br>Buckingham, e.g<br>placements)                             | 2 years;<br>Or 2 years and 1 term<br>(September entry);<br>Or 3 years (3-year<br>programme) | Method of study: Full-<br>time/Part-time/Other   | Full time                    |
| Framework for<br>Higher Education<br>Qualifications<br>(FHEQ) Level<br>(see Guidance notes, section<br>D – External Reference<br>Points) | FHEQ Level 6  | Relevant subject<br>benchmark statement<br>(SBS) (see Guidance notes,<br>section D – External Reference<br>Points) | QAA SBS: Economics<br>(2015) |
| Professional body<br>accreditation<br>(if applicable):   | N/A   |  |                              |
| Criteria for   |   | Cohort(s) to which this  | 2014                         |
| admission to the   | A-level: ABB - BBB / IB   | programme  |                              |
| programme:   | 33-32   | specification is   |                              |
|  |   | applicable:(e.g.from 2012 intake onwards)  |                              |
| UCAS Code  | L10A  |  |                              |

### **Summary of Programme**

If you see yourself working as an advisor in a national or international agency, as a teacher or a journalist, or if you simply wish to keep your options open before going on to a career in business or the professions, the economics programme will be an attractive alternative. In this programme you have an enhanced opportunity of studying problems of economic policy. The problem of achieving macroeconomic and exchange rate stability has been of great importance to many countries in recent years for example, while microeconomic issues such as the allocation of resources to health or to raising environmental quality continue to figure prominently in public discussion. An economics degree gives you a perfect opportunity to study these issues. It also permits you to take modules in politics, law and the humanities so as to broaden your perspective further.

### Educational Aims of the Programme

The excellent Collins English Dictionary defines Economics as 'the social science concerned with the production and consumption of goods and services and the analysis of the commercial activities of a society.' Other definitions have placed more emphasis on the study of rational behaviour and choice. The Economics programme aims to give students an appreciation of the subject matter of economics, and also to give a feeling for, and an understanding of, those presuppositions that underlie the subject.

| Programme Outcomes  |               |  |  |
|---|---------------|--|--|
| Knowledge and understanding of:<br>To enable students to obtain knowledge<br>and understanding of economics as defined<br>above   | $\rightarrow$ | Teaching/Learning StrategyExplain the teaching and learning methods and strategies used<br>to help students achieve each part of the knowledge and<br>understandingLearning and teaching strategies used to enable<br>outcomes to be achieved and demonstrated:<br>Lectures and small group seminars, plus interaction<br>and dialogue with students on a one to one basis.<br>Students are mainly examined by written<br>examination, but in most courses there is an essay<br>requirement of about 10-20% of the total. In<br>addition, most courses require additional essays<br> |  |
|   | $\rightarrow$ | <ul> <li>Explain the strategies used to assess the achievement of each part of the knowledge and understanding</li> <li>The majority of courses are assessed by 3 hour written examinations at the end of the course. In addition there is usually course work, mainly written essays.</li> <li>Students are expected to attend lectures and tutorials, although such attendance is not made part of the assessment. Typically, the final examination comprises 80-90% of total marks, while the essay makes up the remaining 10%-20%.</li> </ul>                                    |  |
| Cognitive (thinking) skills:(a) perception – to improve knowledge<br>of economic phenomena and processes<br>(b) intuition – to encourage 'economic<br>awareness' in the appreciation of social<br>phenomena. Students should appreciate | $\rightarrow$ | Teaching/Learning Strategy:Explain the teaching and learning methods and strategies usedto help students achieve each part of the cognitive skillsLectures and tutorials. Some courses involve theuse of computer simulations and others involvepresentations.   |  |

| opportunity cost (and understand its<br>paradoxical nature). They should<br>understand the nature of probabilistic<br>thinking. This is not necessarily taught in<br>courses on statistics, but by its nature relies<br>on an intuitive understanding of the<br>uncertain character of the world.<br>(c) reasoning – we aim to enable the<br>students to think like economists – i.e. to<br>reason rigorously in terms of cause and<br>effect and to use both the methods of<br>induction and deduction. Students should<br>learn that economic thinking involves both<br>simplification (e.g. thinking in terms of<br>models, and utilising the ceteris paribus<br>principle) and rigour. | →<br>         | part of the cognitive skills The majority of courses are assessed by 3 hour written examinations at the end of the course. In addition there is usually course work, mainly written essays. Students are expected to attend lectures and tutorials, although such attendance is not made part of the assessment. Typically, the final examination comprises 80-90% of total marks, while the essay makes up the remaining 10%-20%. <u>Teaching/Learning Strategy:</u> |
|--|---------------|---|
| Students should be able to justify an intellectual position within a group context, and argue that position against the criticisms of other students and members of staff. In many courses students are  | $\rightarrow$ | Explain the teaching and learning methods and strategies used<br>to help students achieve each part of the practical/transferable<br>skills<br>The use of computers; submission of coursework;<br>preparatory reading for tutorials   |

| required to introduce a tutorial subj<br>perhaps 10 to 15 minutes, and def<br>position.<br>Practical skills The distinction betw<br>'practical' and other skills is not wh<br>applicable in an academic degree<br>programme of this sort. In this sec<br>mention that students should acqu<br>of the numerical skills needed by th<br>economist, including quantitative a<br>statistical methods. Some courses<br>Microeconomic Theory, adopt a pro-<br>centred approach in order to reinfor<br>more theoretical material presente<br>lecturers. Students are expected to<br>computer competent – to be able to<br>programs such as Office and so or<br>also encourage students to learn a<br>additional foreign language while a<br>Buckingham.<br>The examinations enable us to eva<br>ability of students to sustain an inter<br>argument and to marshall evidence<br>Performance in tutorials is also ind<br>these skills.<br>Some examinations emphasise us<br>problem solving skills. Use of prob | end their<br>veen<br>folly<br>tion we<br>ire many<br>he<br>nd<br>s, such as<br>oblem-<br>orce the<br>d by<br>o be<br>o use<br>h. We<br>in<br>aluate the<br>ellectual<br>e.<br>icative of<br>e of | Assessment Strategy:         Explain the strategies used to assess the achievement of each part of the practical/transferable skills         The majority of courses are assessed by 3 hour written examinations at the end of the course. In addition there is usually course work, mainly written essays.         Students are expected to attend lectures and tutorials, although such attendance is not made part of the assessment. Typically, the final examination comprises 80-90% of total marks, while the essay makes up the remaining 10%-20%. |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| solving sheets in tutorials? A speci<br>computer course is arranged in the<br>year which all students are require<br>pass. Languages are taught throu<br>language laboratory work.  | al<br>e first<br>d to  |  |  |  |
| External Reference Points<br>The following reference points were used in designing the programme  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Framework for Higher Education Qualifications         <ul> <li>(http://www.qaa.ac.uk/Publications/InformationAndGuidance/Pages/quality-code-A1.aspx);</li> </ul> </li> <li>Relevant Subject Benchmark Statement(s)         <ul> <li>(http://www.qaa.ac.uk/Publications/InformationAndGuidance/Pages/quality-code-A1.aspx);</li> <li>Other (list)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Please note: This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
| the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each course unit/module can be found in the departmental or programme handbook. The accuracy of the information contained in this document is reviewed annually by the University of Buckingham and may be checked by the Quality Assurance Agency.   |  |  |  |  |
| Programme Director(s)<br>Name(s):   | Dr Ali Kabiri  |  |  |  |

| Date approved by School<br>Learning and Teaching<br>Committee     | N/A         |
|---|-------------|
| Date approved by School<br>Board of Study                         | July 2013   |
| Date approved by University<br>Learning and Teaching<br>Committee | August 2013 |

### ECONOMICS [BSc (Econ)] January Entry <u>(students commencing prior to September 2017)</u>

All modules are 15 units, except where specified as 30 units.

|             | SINGLE HONOURS  |                            |   |  |
|-------------|---|----------------------------|---|--|
| Term        | YEAR ONE  |                            |   |  |
| 1<br>Winter | Principles of<br>Microeconomics [4]   | Quantitative Methods 1 [4] | Introduction to Management [4]            |  |
| 2<br>Spring | Principles of<br>Macroeconomics [4]   | Quantitative Methods 2 [5] | Introduction to Business [4]              |  |
|             | THE PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION   |                            |   |  |
| 3<br>Summer | Microeconomic Theory [5]  | Macroeconomic Theory [5]   | Mathematics for Economists [5]            |  |
| 4<br>Autumn | Microeconomic Policy [5]  | Macroeconomic Policy [5]   | Statistics for Business and Economics [6] |  |
|             | THE PART 1 EXAMINATION  |                            |   |  |
|             | YEAR TWO  |                            |   |  |
| 5<br>Winter | THREE of: *<br>History of Economic Thought [6]<br>Industrial Organisation and Strategy [6]<br>Regulation and Privatisation [6]  |                            |   |  |
| 6<br>Spring | THREE of: *<br>Issues in Developing Economies and the MENA Region [6]<br>The Economics of the Labour Market [6]<br>Public Sector Economics [6]<br>Welfare Economics [5] |                            |   |  |
|             | THE PART 2 STAGE 1 EXAMINATION  |                            |   |  |
| 7<br>Summer | THREE of: *<br>Legal Economics 1 [6]<br>Econometrics [5]<br>International Economics [6]<br>Money, Banking and Financial Markets [6]                                     |                            |   |  |
| 8<br>Autumn | The Economics of Europe       TWO of: *         [5]       Legal Economics 2 [6]         Behavioural Economics [6]   |                            |   |  |
|             | THE PART 2 STAGE 2 EXAMINATION  |                            |   |  |

### \* Language and Free Choice Subjects

Students following the degree programme in Economics may take Free Choice modules to a total of 60 units (including a language to a total of 30 units) subject to timetabling constraints. For the list of modules available see Free Choice Section.

**NOTE:** A dissertation on an approved topic may be substituted for a written examination in **ONE** Part 2 elective with the approval of the lecturer concerned and the Head of Department.

# ECONOMICS [BSc (Econ)] September Entry - 9 Terms *(students commencing prior to September 2017)*

All modules are 15 units, except where specified as 30 units.

|             | SINGLE HONOURS  |   |                             |  |
|-------------|---|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Term        | YEAR ONE  |   |                             |  |
| 1<br>Autumn | Principles of<br>Macroeconomics [4] Quantitative Methods 1 [4]  |   |                             |  |
|             | THE PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 1   |   |                             |  |
| 2<br>Winter | Principles of       Introduction to Management [4]  |   |                             |  |
| 3<br>Spring | Introduction to Business [4] Quantitative Methods 2 [5]   |   |                             |  |
|             |   | THE PRELIN                                | <b>MINARY EXAMINATION 2</b> |  |
| 4<br>Summer | Microeconomic Theory [5]  | Mathematics for Economists [5]            | Macroeconomic Theory<br>[5] |  |
|             | YEAR TWO  |   |                             |  |
| 5<br>Autumn | Microeconomic Policy [5]  | Statistics for Business and Economics [6] | Macroeconomic Policy<br>[5] |  |
|             |   | тн  | E PART 1 EXAMINATION        |  |
|             | THREE of: *   |   |                             |  |
| 6<br>Winter | History of Economic Thought [6]   |   |                             |  |
| winter      | Industrial Organisation and Strategy [6]<br>Regulation and Privatisation [6]  |   |                             |  |
| 7<br>Spring | THREE of: *<br>Issues in Developing Economies and the MENA Region [6]<br>The Economics of the Labour Market [6]<br>Public Sector Economics [6]<br>Welfare Economics [5] |   |                             |  |
|             | THE PART 2 STAGE 1 EXAMINATION  |   |                             |  |
| 8<br>Summer | THREE of: *<br>Econometrics [5]<br>International Economics [6]<br>Legal Economics 1 [6]<br>Money, Banking and Financial Markets [6]                                     |   |                             |  |
| 9<br>Autumn | THREE of: *<br>Legal Economics 2 [6]<br>The Economics of Europe [5]<br>Behavioural Economics [6]  |   |                             |  |
|             |   | THE PART 2                                | STAGE 2 EXAMINATION         |  |
|             |   |   |                             |  |

### \* Language and Free Choice Subjects

Students following the degree programme in Economics may take Free Choice modules to a total of 60 units (including a Language to a total of 30 units). For the list of modules available see Free Choice Section.

NOTE: A dissertation on an approved topic may be substituted for a written examination in ONE Part 2 elective with the approval of the lecturer concerned and the Head of Department.

### ECONOMICS [BSc (Econ)] 3-Year Programme September Entry (students commencing prior to September 2017)

### All modules are 15 units.

|             | SINGLE HONOURS   |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Term        | YEAR ONE   |  |  |  |
| 1<br>Autumn | Principles of<br>Macroeconomics [4]  | European Industrial<br>Revolutions [5] | Political Communication [5]  |  |
|             |  | TH                                     | E PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 1  |  |
| 2<br>Winter | Principles of<br>Microeconomics [4]  | Quantitative Methods 1 [4]             | ONE of:<br>Introduction to Management [4]<br>Introduction to Financial<br>Accounting [4]       |  |
| 3<br>Spring | Quantitative Methods 2 [5]   |  | <b>ONE of:</b><br>Introduction to Business [4]<br>Introduction to Management<br>Accounting [4] |  |
|             | THE PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2  |  |  |  |
|             | Summer Term<br>VACATION  |  |  |  |
|             | YEAR TWO   |  |  |  |
|             | Preliminary examination re-  | sits to be arranged within the         | department if required   |  |
| 4<br>Autumn | The Economics of Europe [5]  | Legal Economics 2 [6]                  | Statistics for Business and<br>Economics [6]   |  |
| 5<br>Winter | Microeconomic Theory [5]   | History of Economic<br>Thought [6]     | Industrial Organisation and<br>Strategy [6]  |  |
| 6<br>Spring | Welfare Economics [5]         Issues in Developing Economies and the MENA Region [6] |  |  |  |
|             | THE PART 1 EXAMINATION   |  |  |  |
|             | Summer Term<br>VACATION  |  |  |  |
|             | YEAR THREE   |  |  |  |
| 7<br>Autumn | Microeconomic Policy [5]   | Macroeconomic Policy [5]               | One of *<br>Free Choice<br>Behavioural Economics [6]   |  |
| 8<br>Winter | THREE of: *<br>Regulation and Privatisation [6]<br>Language/Free Choice *            |  |  |  |
| 9<br>Spring | <b>TWO of:</b> *<br>Public Sector Economics [6]<br>Language/Free Choice *            |  |  |  |
|             |  |  | THE PART 2 EXAMINATION   |  |

### \* Language and Free Choice Subjects

Students may choose modules from the Language and Free Choice selection (to a maximum of 45 units). For the list of modules available see Free Choice Section.

**NOTE:** A dissertation on an approved topic may be substituted for a written examination in **ONE** Part 2 elective with the approval of the lecturer concerned and the Head of Department.